

Support Planning IP-4140 "I DON'T KNOW WHAT THE HELL THIS LOGISTICS IS THAT MARSHALL IS ALWAYS TALKING ABOUT, BUT I WANT SOME OF IT."

FLEET ADMIRAL E.J. KING, 1942

<u>OVERVIEW</u>

Definition & Purpose of Support Planning Relationship to the Deliberate Planning Process Two Categories of Support Requirements Supply Buildup for Contingencies **JOPES ADP Support** CINS and PINS JRSO&I Classes of Supply Lessons Learned (Logistics)

Support Planning

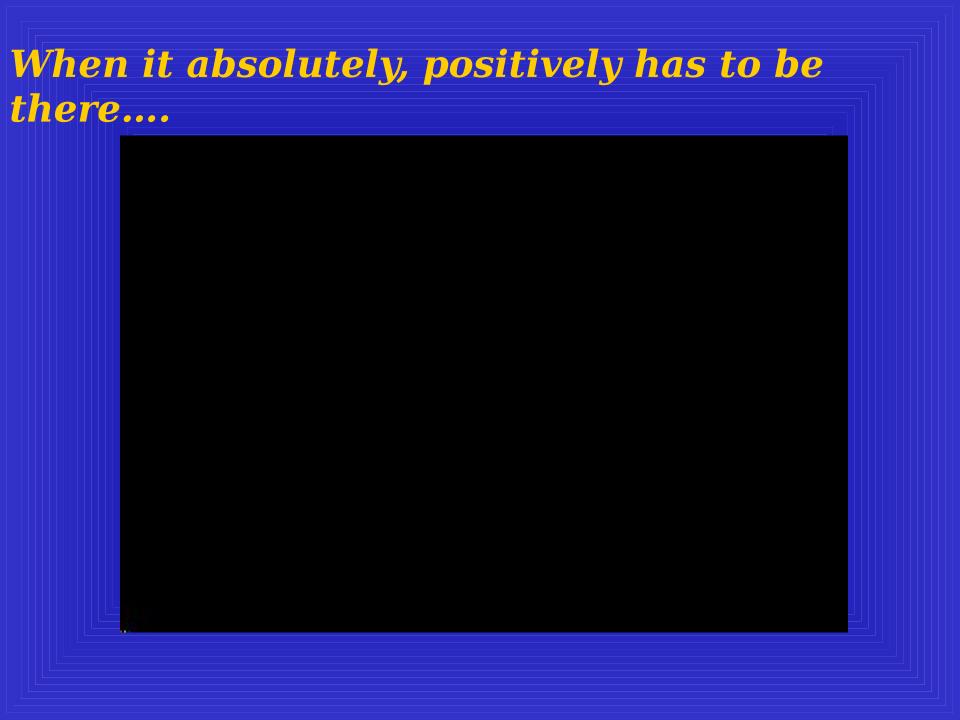
The multi-level process of identifying, sourcing, and planning for the stockage and movement of resources (both personnel and equipment) necessary to promote the combat effectiveness of our forces.

The bridge connecting a nation's economy to a nation's warfighting forces.



Getting the right stuff to the right place at the right time (every time), at the right cost. Then sustaining whatever and whoever is there.





PURPOSE

- Identify the quantities of supplies, equipment, and replacement personnel required to sustain forces
- Convert quantities into weights & volumes as compared to lift capability
- Identify transportation requirements for non-unit supplies and personnel
- Time phase their movement into the theater to support the concept of operations
- Ensure critical supplies are stocked at level sufficient to allow for uninterrupted ops

DELIBERATE PLANNING

OBJECTIVE

Initiation

Establish Plan Requirements

Concept Development

A CJCS-approved Concept of Operations

Plan Developmen<mark>t</mark> Transportationally Feasible Plan operation plan

Plan Review

CJCS-approved OPLAN

Supporting Plans

Family of Plans

Feasibl e

Lift Capability 17 MSC

Combat & Support forces

UTCs

Kequirements

TPFDD

Nonfeasible

Sustainmen t Feasibl e

Lift Capability

Lift Requir<mark>e</mark>ments

TPFDD

Sustainmen

t

Nonfeasible

DELIBERATE

Plan **Developme**

STEP 1: FORCE PLANNING

STEP 2: SUPPORT PLANNING

STEP 3: NUCLEAR PLANNING

STEP 4: TRANSPORTATION PLANNING

STEP 5: SHORTFALL IDENTIFICATION

STEP 6: TRANS, FEASIBILITY ANALYSIS

STEP 7: TPFDD REFINEMENT

STEP 8: DOCUMENTATION

Classes and Subclasses of Supply

Symbols



Subclasses



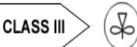
- R REFRIGERATED
- S NONREFRIGERATED
- W WATER



Subsistence



Clothing, individual equip., tools, admin, supplies



Petroleum, oils, lubricants



- B GROUND SUPPORT MATERIEL
- E GENERAL SUPPLIES
- F CLOTHING
- G ELECTRONICS
- M WEAPONS
- T INDUSTRIAL SUPPLIES
- A POL FOR AIRCRAFT
- W POL FOR SURFACE VEHICLES
- P PACKAGED POL





- A CONSTRUCTION
- B BARRIER





Ammunition



A - AIR DELIVERY W - GROUND

Symbols

Subclasses

B - GROUND SUPPORT MATERIEL

D - ADMIN VEHICLES

K - TACTICAL VEHICLES

N - SPECIAL WEAPONS

A - MEDICAL MATERIEL

B - GROUND SUPPORT MATERIEL D - ADMIN VEHICLES

G - ELECTRONICS

B - BLOOD/FLUIDS

A - AIR

G - ELECTRONICS

L - MISSILES

M - WEAPONS

T - INDUSTRIAL

MATERIEL X - AIRCRAFT ENGINES

A - AIR





Personal demand items



Major end items: racks. pylons, tracked vehicles, etc.



Medical materials





M - WEAPONS N - SPECIAL WEAPONS

K - TACTICAL VEHICLES

T - INDUSTRIAL MATERIEL

L - MISSLES

X - AIRCRAFT ENGINES



Repair parts

programs



CLASS X Material for nonmilitary

RELATIONSHIP TO FORCE PLANNING

- Force Planning is Primarily Embodied in The Basic Portion of The OPLAN and TPFDD
- Support Planning Begins When The Force Planning Portion of The TPFDD is Complete

* Support Planning # Support Force Planning

CATEGORIES OF SUPPLY REQUIREMENTS

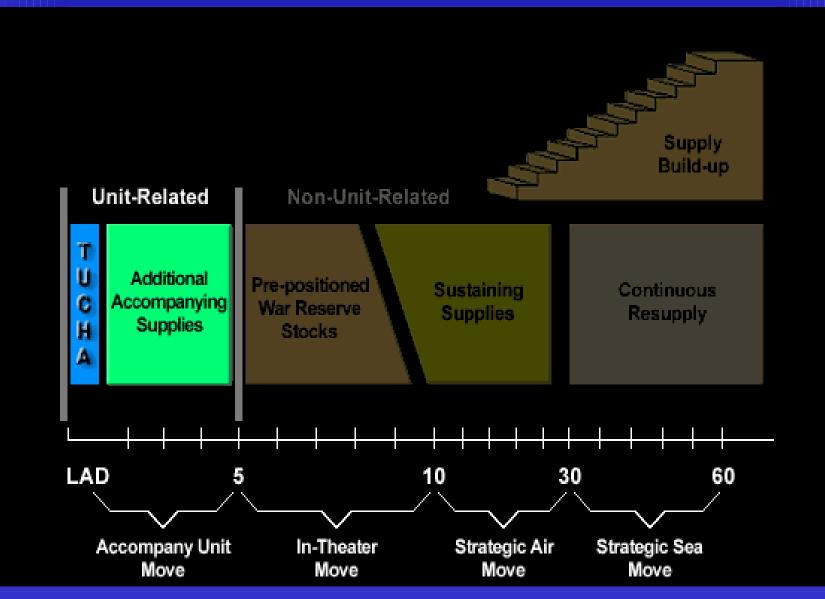
Unit-related supplies and equipment include a unit's organic equipment, basic load, and additional accompanying supplies specified by the Combatant Commander.

(Belong to a commander)

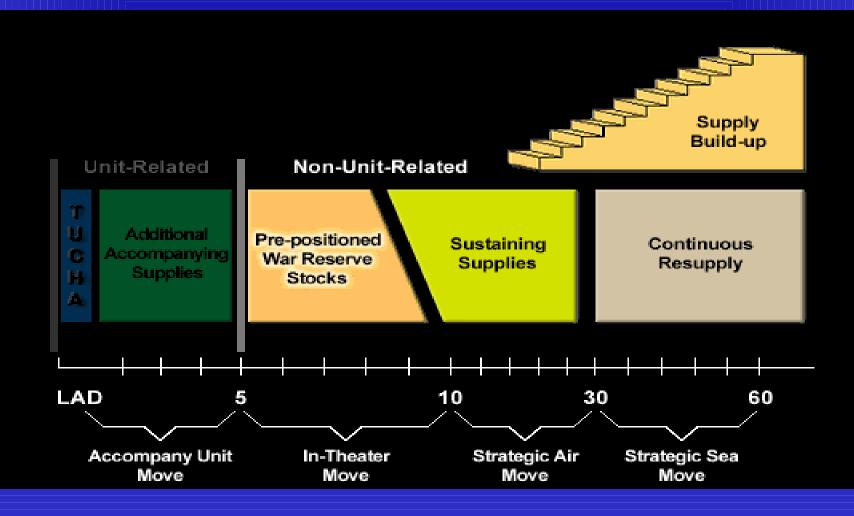
Non-unit-related supplies and equipment include all support requirements that are not in the Service-generated type unit descriptions or augmented by accompanying supplies. These supplies are not identified for a specific unit.

(Belong to a supply dump or replacement ool)

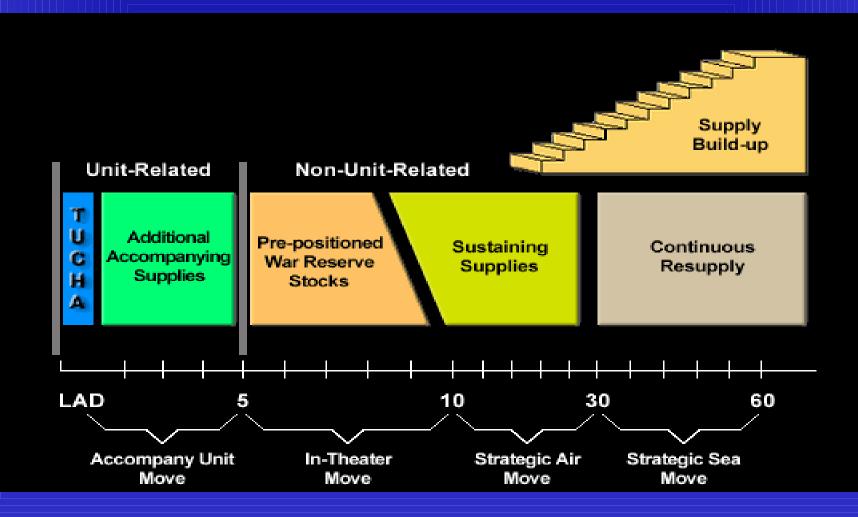
SUPPLY BUILD-UP



SUPPLY BUILD-UP



SUPPLY BUILD-UP



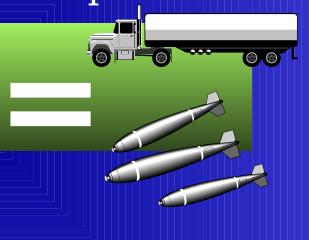
REQUIREMENTS COMPUTATION

Number of Consumers

Consumption Rate Total Supply Requirement



Planning Factor



- Multiplier furnished by Services
- Expressed as rates, ratios, or lengths of time

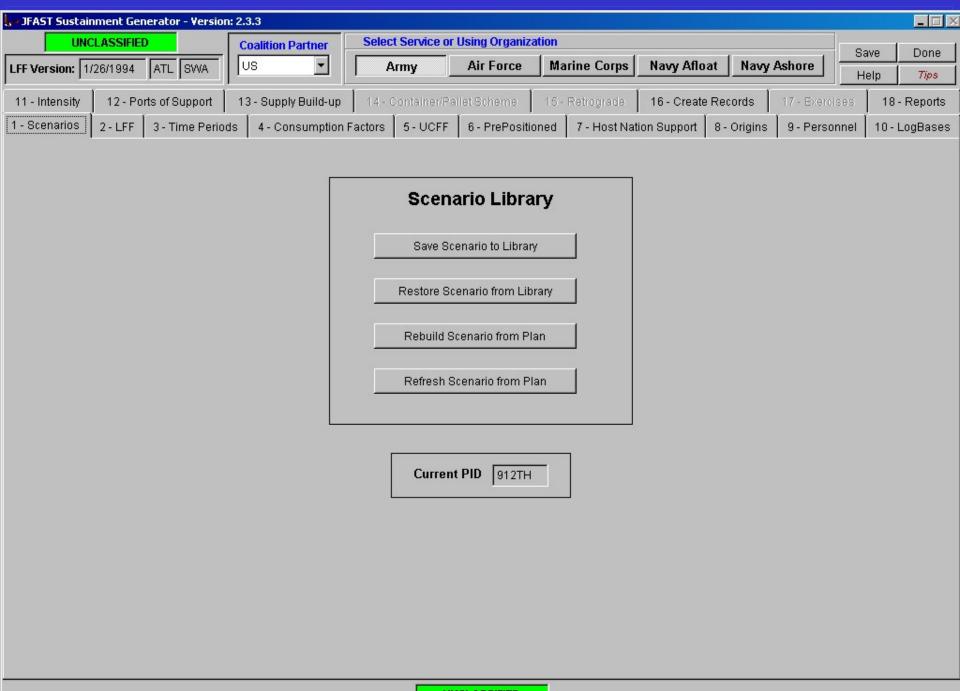
JOPES ADP SUPPORT

- Programs simplify requirements computation
- Provide quantitative data for OPLAN annexes
- Includes notional support requirements in TPFDD
- Compares movement requirements to apportioned carriers to estimate transportation feasibility

JOPES ADP SUPPORT

JFAST Sustainment Generator

- Calculates gross non-unit supply requirements to support the OPLAN
- Generates movement requirements for resupply
- Resupply accomplished in planned phases
- Produces supply buildup/stocking records



CARGO INCREMENT NUMBERS (CINS)

- A seven-character alphanumeric field that uniquely describes a non-unit-cargo line in the TPFDD
- Used as an identifier for a TPFDD record that projects movement requirements non-unit cargo moves

Personnel Increment Numbers (PINs)

- A seven-character alphanumeric field that uniquely describes a non-unitpersonnel line in in the TPFDD
- Used as an identifier for a TPFDD record that contains non-unit movement data of replacement personnel, fillers, medical evacuees, and noncombatant evacuees

CINs/PINs

- CIN & PIN records identify the non-unit related supply and personnel movements that are necessary to sustain combat operations
- Generated based on planning factors
- Notional placeholders during planning
- Replaced with actual movement requirements at execution

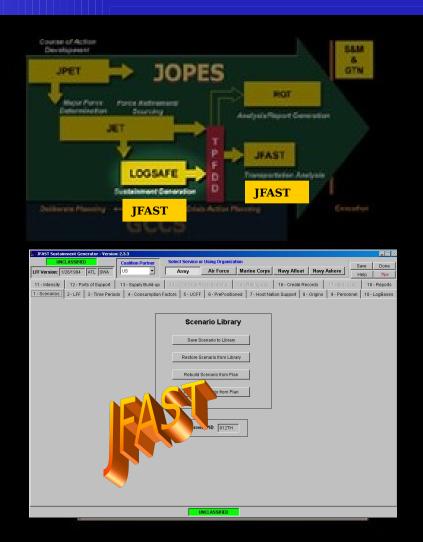
Scenario



Step 1, Force Planning

- * Force list built
- ★ Flow of forces prioritized and entered into JOPES
- Force movement identified with ULNs
- * ULNs represent force packages
- Force packages include unitrelated equipment and supplies

Scenario



Step 2, Support Planning

- Ensure forces are sustained beyond unit related supplies
- Enter non-unit related sustainment requirements into TPFDD as CIN and/or PIN records
- Create a draft TPFDD

JOINT RECEPTION, STAGING, ONWARD MOVEMENT, & INTEGRATION (JRSO&I)

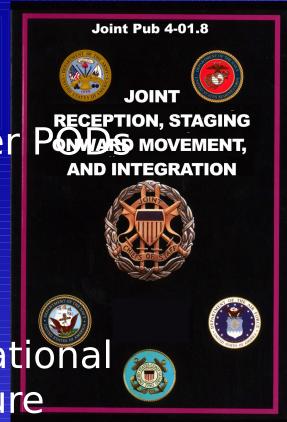
 Essential process that transitions deploying forces arriving in theater into forces capable of meeting the combatant commander's

operational requirements

Final Phase of Deployment

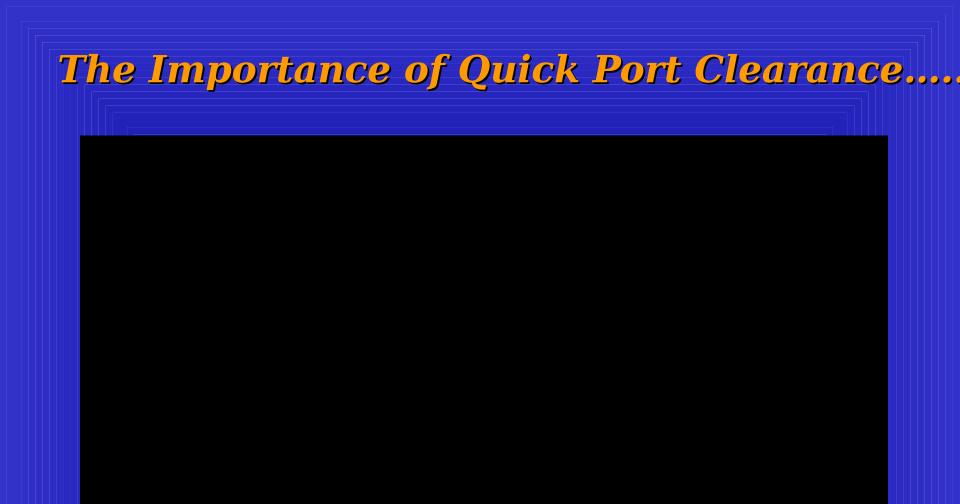
• Begins With Reception at Theater Powers MOVEMENT,

- Forces
- Equipment
- Materiel
- Ends With Integration Into Operational Commander's Command Structure



JOINT RECEPTION, STAGING, ONWARD INFOVEMENT, & INTEGRATION (JRSO&I)

- Reception...includes all functions required to receive and clear unit personnel, equipment, and materiel through POD.
- **Staging...** assembles, temporarily holds, & organizes arriving personnel, equipment, and materiel into units, and prepares them for onward movement and tactical operations.
- Onward Movement...the process of moving units and accompanying material from reception facilities, marshaling areas, and staging areas to tactical assembly and operational areas or other theater destinations.
- Integration...the synchronized hand-off of units into an operational commander's force prior to execution.



SUMMARY

Definition & Purpose of Support Planning Relationship to the Deliberate Planning Process Two Categories of Support Requirements Supply Buildup for Contingencies **JOPES ADP Support** CINs and PINS JRSO&I Classes of Supply Lessons Learned (Logistics)



"Amateurs talk Strategy... Professionals talk Logistics."

- Unknown